TGFBI Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-40222

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

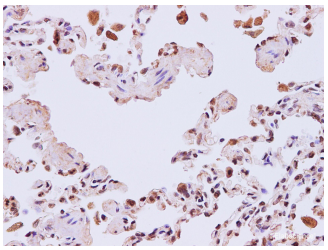
Description

Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Recombinant Human Transforming growth factor-beta-induced protein ig-h3 protien
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.05% Proclin300 and 50% glycerol, pH7.4.

Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:100-1:400

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung using TGFBI Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:200

Preparation & Storage

Storage	Store at -20℃. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

TGFBI,also named as BIGH3,Kerato-epithelin and RGD-CAP,binds to type I,II,and IV collagens. TGFBI is an adhesion protein which may play an important role in cell-collagen interactions. In cartilage,it may be involved in endochondral bone formation. TGFBI is an extracellular matrix adaptor protein,it has been reported to be differentially expressed in transformed tissues. TGFBI is a predictive factor of the response to chemotherapy,and suggest the use of TGFBI-derived peptides as possible therapeutic adjuvants for the enhancement of responses to chemotherapy. Defects in TGFBI are the cause of epithelial basement membrane corneal dystrophy (EBMD). Defects in TGFBI are the cause of corneal dystrophy Groenouw type 1 (CDGG1). Defects in TGFBI are the cause of corneal dystrophy lattice type 1 (CDL1). Defects in TGFBI are a cause of corneal dystrophy Thiel-Behnke type (CDTB). Defects in TGFBI are the cause of Reis-Buecklers corneal dystrophy (CDRB). Defects in TGFBI are the cause of lattice corneal dystrophy type 3A (CDL3A). Defects in TGFBI are the cause of Avellino corneal dystrophy (ACD).

For Research Use Only

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: www.elabscience.com Email: techsupport@elabscience.com