

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

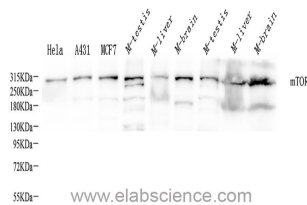
## Description

<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat
<b>Immunogen</b>	Recombinant protein corresponding to Mouse mTOR
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Purification</b>	Affinity purification
<b>Conjugation</b>	Unconjugated
<b>Formulation</b>	PBS with 0.02% sodium azide, 1% protective protein and 50% glycerol, pH7.4

## Applications Recommended Dilution

<b>WB</b>	1:500-1:2000
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## Data



Western Blot analysis of various samples using MTOR Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:1000.

**Observed Mw:289kDa**  
**Calculated Mw:289kDa**

## Preparation & Storage

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

## Background

MTOR, also named as FRAP1, FRAP, FRAP2 and RAPT1, belongs to the PI3/PI4-kinase family. MTOR is a Ser/Thr protein kinase that functions as an ATP and amino acid sensor to balance nutrient availability and cell growth. MTOR is Kinase subunit of both mTORC1 and mTORC2, which regulate cell growth and survival in response to nutrient and hormonal signals. mTORC1 is activated in response to growth factors or amino-acids. mTORC2 is also activated by growth factors, but seems to be nutrient-insensitive. mTORC2 seems to function upstream of Rho GTPases to regulate the actin cytoskeleton, probably by activating one or more Rho-type guanine nucleotide exchange factors. mTORC2 promotes the serum-induced formation of stress-fibers or F-actin. The antibody is specific to MTOR.

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