

Recombinant Human PDE9A Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031016

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms HSPDE9A2
Species Human
Expression Host E.coli

Sequence Pro 181-Lys 506

AccessionO76083-2Calculated Molecular Weight40 kDaObserved molecular weight37 kDaTagN-His

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Please contact us for more information.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

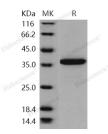
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

High affinity cGMP-specific 3';5'-cyclic phosphodiesterase 9A; also known as PDE9A; is a member of the cyclic nucleotide phosphodiesterase family and PDE9 subfamily. PDE9A is expressed in all tissues examined (testis; brain; small

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: <u>www.elabscience.com</u> Email: <u>techsupport@elabscience.com</u>





A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

intestine; skeletal muscle; heart; lung; thymus; spleen; placenta; kidney; liver; pancreas; ovary and prostate) except blood. Highest levels of PDE9A is in brain; heart; kidney; spleen; prostate and colon. IsoformPDE9A12is found in prostate. PDE9A mRNA is widely distributed throughout the rat and mouse brain; with the highest expression observed in cerebellar Purkinje cells.PDE9A is the only cGMP-specific PDE with significant expression in the forebrain; and as such is likely to play an important role in NO-cGMP signaling. PDE9A is highly conserved between species and is widely distributed throughout the rodent brain. PDE9A is probably involved in maintenance of low cGMP levels in cells and might play an important role in a variety of brain functions involving cGMP-mediated signal transduction. PDE9A hydrolyzes the second messenger cGMP; which is a key regulator of many important physiological processes. PDE9A represents a novel drug target worthy of further study.

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017
Web: www.elabscience.com Email: techsupport@elabscience.com