

Recombinant Human Syndecan-1/SDC1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031123

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

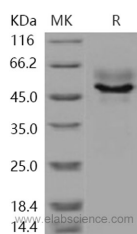
Description

Synonyms	Syndecan-1; SYND1; CD138; SDC1; SDC
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Glu 251
Accession	NP_002988.3
Calculated Molecular Weight	25.6 kDa
Observed molecular weight	48-55 kDa
Tag	C-His

Properties

Purity	> 92 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Storage	Lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



Background

Syndecan-1 also known as SDC1 and CD138, is the most extensively studied member of the syndecan family. It is found mainly in epithelial cells, but its expression is developmentally regulated during embryonic development. Syndecan-1/SDC1/CD138 has been shown to mediate cell adhesion to several ECM molecules, and to act as a coreceptor for fibroblast growth factors, potent angiogenic growth factors involved also in differentiation. Syndecan-1/SDC1/CD138 expression is reduced during malignant transformation of various epithelia, and this loss correlates with the histological differentiation grade of squamous cell carcinomas, lacking from poorly differentiated tumours. In squamous cell carcinomas of the head and neck, positive syndecan-1 expression correlates with a more favourable prognosis.

For Research Use Only

Experimental studies on the role of Syndecan-1 in malignant transformation have shown that Syndecan-1/SDC1/CD138 expression is associated with the maintenance of epithelial morphology, anchorage-dependent growth and inhibition of invasiveness in vitro.