Recombinant Human CEACAM5 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031272

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description		
Synonyms	CD66e;CEA	
Species	Human	
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells	
Sequence	Met 1-Ala 685	
Accession	NP_004354.2	
Calculated Molecular Weight	72.8 kDa	
Observed molecular weight	100-110 kDa	
Tag	C-His	
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity	
Properties		
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.	
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.	
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.	
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.	
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.	
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.	

Data

KDa	MK	R
116	- THE CI	100
66.2	-	nce
45.0	-	Elabscience
35.0	-	
25.0	-	Elabscier
18.4	clence.	
14.4	-	
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> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

CEACAM5; also known as CEA or D66e; belongs to the large CEACAM subfamily of immunoglobulin superfamily. CEACAM5 is expressed primarily by epithelial cells; and is synthesized as a glycoprotein with a MW of 180 kDa

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comprising 60% carbohydrate. CEACAM5 contains one Ig-like V-type domain at the N-terminus; followed by six Ig-like C2-type domain and a GPI anchor; and exists as a homodimer. CEACAM5 and CEACAM6 are overexpressed in many cancers and are associated with adhesion and invasion. CEACAM5 can mediate cell-cell adhesion through homotypic and heterotypic interactions. It functions as a homotypic intercellular adhesion molecule and serves as a widely used tumor marker; since it is expressed at higher levels in tumorous tissues than in corresponding normal tissues. CEACAM5 has also been shown to contribute to tumorigenicity by inhibiting cellular differentiation. In addition; CEACAM5 is identified as the host receptor for the Dr family of adhesins of E.Coli; and the binding of E.coli Dr adhesins leads to dissociation of the CEACAM5 homodimer.

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