Recombinant Human SerpinA6/CBG protein (His tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031314

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Hur Hur	
mussation Heat	
apression Host HE	K293 Cells
quence Met	t 1-Val 405
ccession P08	3185
lculated Molecular Weight 44 l	xDa
oserved molecular weight 60 l	xDa
g C-H	Iis
oactivity Tes	ting in progress
roperties	
vrity > 92	5 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
ndotoxin Plea	ase contact us for more information.
-80	herally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to $^{\circ}$ C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8 $^{\circ}$ C for 2-7 days. Aliquots econstituted samples are stable at < -20 $^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.
ipping Thi	s product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Nor pro	philized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4. rmally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as tectants before lyophilization. ase refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
econstitution Plea	ase refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data

KDa	MK	R
116 66.2	=	-
45.0	-	
35.0	-	
25.0	-	
18.4 14.4	=	

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Corticosteroid-binding globulin (CBG), also known as SerpinA6, is a non-inhibitory member of the serine proteinase inhibitor (serpin) superfamily. It is the high-affinity transport protein for glucocorticoids in vertebrate blood. CBG is

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specifically cleaved by this protease at a precise site close to its carboxy-terminus. This induces a conformation change and disrupts the binding between glucocorticoids and CBG, and promotes a significant and local release of glucocorticoids (over 90% of them are bound to CBG in human plasma). In this context, CBG directs glucocorticoids to sites of inflammation, and plays in consequence a crucial role in efficient glucocorticoid action in physiology. The SerpinA6 protein is mainly secreted by the liver. This negative acute phase protein regulates free cortisol levels in the blood and distributes cortisol to its target tissues. SerpinA6 deficiency is an extremely rare hereditary disorder characterized by reduced corticosteroid-binding capacity with normal or low plasma corticosteroid-binding globulin concentration, and normal or low basal cortisol levels associated with hypo-/hypertension and muscle fatigue. There are three heritable, human CBG gene mutations that can reduce CBG-cortisol binding affinity and/or reduce circulating CBG levels.

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