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Recombinant Human PGD2 Synthase/PTGDS Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH032006

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Prostaglandin D Synthase; Prostaglandin-H2 D-Isomerase; Beta-Trace

Protein; Cerebrin-28; Glutathione-Independent PGD Synthase; Lipocalin-Type

Prostaglandin-D Synthase; Prostaglandin-D2 Synthase; PGD2

Synthase;PGDS;PGDS2;PTGDS;PDS

Species Human

Expression Host HEK293 Cells
Sequence Met 1-Gln190

AccessionP41222Calculated Molecular Weight20.1 kDaObserved molecular weight28 kDaTagC-His

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 80 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at $< -20^{\circ}$ C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

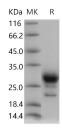
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 80 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: <u>www.elabscience.com</u> Email: <u>techsupport@elabscience.com</u>





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Background

PTGDS; also known as L-PGDS; belongs to the calycin superfamily; lipocalin family. Lipocalins share limited regions of sequence homology and a common tertiary structure architecture. They transport small hydrophobic molecules such as steroids; bilins; retinoids; and lipids. PTGDS is a glutathione-independent prostaglandin D synthase that catalyzes the conversion of PGH2 to PGD2. It is involved in smooth muscle contraction/relaxation and a variety of central nervous system functions. PTGDS may have an anti-apoptotic role in oligodendrocytes. It binds small non-substrate lipophilic molecules; including biliverdin; bilirubin; retinal; retinoic acid and thyroid hormone; and may act as a scavenger for harmful hydrophopic molecules and as a secretory retinoid and thyroid hormone transporter. It is likely to play important roles in both maturation and maintenance of the central nervous system and male reproductive system.

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