Recombinant Human BAX/BCL2L4 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number:PKSH032110



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Apoptosis Regulator BAX; Bcl-2-Like Protein 4; Bcl2-L-4; BAX; BCL2L4

Species Human Expression Host E.coli

SequenceMet1-Gln171AccessionQ07812Calculated Molecular Weight22.1 kDaObserved molecular weight22 & 52 kDaTagN-6His & C-6His

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
 Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per μg as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

Shipping This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue

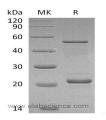
ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at< -20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM PB,150mM NaCl,2mM EDTA,5%

Threhalose, 30% Glycerol, pH7.4.

Reconstitution Not Applicable

Data



Background

Apoptosis Regulator BAX (BAX) belongs to the Bcl-2 family. BAX exists as a homodimer and is expressed in a wide variety of tissues. The Bax gene encodes different isoforms including Bax alpha (21 kDa) and Bax beta (24 kDa). Although both isoforms contain BH1, BH2 and BH3 domains, Bax beta has a unique carboxyl terminus and does not contain a hydrophobic transmembrane domain. BAX accelerates programmed cell death by binding to, and antagonizing the apoptosis repressor BCL2 or its adenovirus homolog E1B 19k protein. BAX also promotes activation of CASP3, and thereby apoptosis.

For Research Use Only

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