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Recombinant Human Galectin-3/LGALS3 Protein

Catalog No. PKSH032474

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Galectin-3;Gal-3;35 kDa Lectin;Carbohydrate-Binding Protein 35;CBP35;Galactose-

Specific Lectin 3; Galactoside-Binding Protein; GALBP; IgE-Binding

Protein;L-31;Laminin-Binding Protein;Lectin L-29;Mac-2

Antigen;LGALS3;MAC2;P35;GAL3;GALBP;GALIG;L31;LGALS2;MAC2

Species Expression Host E.coli Ala2-Ile250 **Sequence** Accession P17931 26.0 kDa Calculated Molecular Weight Observed molecular weight 30 kDa

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Tag

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

None

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 50mM HEPES, 5% Sucrose, 5%

Mannitol, 0.06%Tween 80, pH7.5.

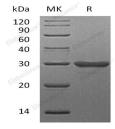
Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

For Research Use Only

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Background

The Galectin family of proteins consists of beta-galactoside binding lectins containing homologous carbohydrate recognition domains (CRDs). They also possess hemagglutination activity; which is attributable to their bivalent carbohydrate binding properties. Galectins are active both intracellularly and extracellularly. They have diverse effects on many cellular functions including adhesion; migration; polarity; chemotaxis; proliferation; apoptosis; and differentiation. Galectins may therefore play a key role in many pathological states; including autoimmune diseases; allergic reactions; inflammation; tumor cell metastasis; atherosclerosis; and diabetic complications. The galectins have been classified into the prototype galectins (1; 2; 5; 7; 10; 11; 13; 14); which contain one CRD and exist either as a monomer or a noncovalent homodimer. The chimera galectins (Galectin3) containing one CRD linked to a nonlectin domain; and the tandem repeat Galectins (4; 6; 8; 9; 12) consisting of two CRDs joined by a linker peptide. Galectins lack a classical signal peptide and can be localized to the cytosolic compartments where they have intracellular functions. However; via one or more as yet unidentified nonclassical secretory pathways; galectins can also be secreted to function extracellularly. Individual members of the galectin family have different tissue distribution profiles and exhibit subtle differences in their carbohydrate-binding specificities. Each family member may preferentially bind to a unique subset of cell surface glycoproteins.

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