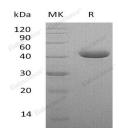
Recombinant Human Nectin-4/NECTIN4 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH032790

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	PVRL4;Nectin-4;Ig superfamily receptor LNIR;Poliovirus receptor-related protein 4;PRR4;LNIR
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Gly32-Val351
Accession	Q96NY8
Calculated Molecular Weight	35.3 kDa
Observed molecular weight	40-47 kDa
Tag	C-His
Bioactivity	Immobilized Anti-Human Nectin-4 mAb-mFc at $2\mu g/ml$ (100 $\mu l/well$) can bind Human Nectin-4-His.The ED ₅₀ of Human Nectin-4-His is 16.29 ng/ml.
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	 Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 8% Sucrose, 0.05% Tween 80, pH 8.0. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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Background

Nectin-4 (PVRL4) is a type I transmembrane glycoprotein which belongs to the nectin family of Ig superfamily proteins. It contains two Ig-like C2-type domains and one Ig-like V-type domain. PVRL4 seems to be involved in cell adhesion through trans-homophilic and -heterophilic interactions, the latter including specifically interactions with nectin-1. It does not act as receptor for alpha-herpesvirus entry into cells. It is predominantly expressed in placenta, the embryo and breast carcinoma. But it is not detected in normal breast epithelium. The soluble form is produced by proteolytic cleavage at the cell surface (shedding), probably by ADAM17. Mutations in this gene are the cause of ectodermal dysplasia-syndactyly syndrome type 1, an autosomal recessive disorder.

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