# **Recombinant Human PKLR Protein (His Tag)**

Catalog Number: PKSH032984



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Synonyms Pyruvate Kinase Isozymes R/L;Pyruvate Kinase 1;R-Type/L-Type Pyruvate

Kinase; Red Cell/Liver Pyruvate Kinase; PKLR; PK1; PKL

Species Human

Expression HostHEK293 CellsSequenceMet 1-Ser574

Accession P30613
Calculated Molecular Weight 62.9 kDa
Observed molecular weight 58 kDa
Tag C-His

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue

ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

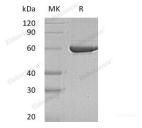
Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 500mM NaCl, 5%

Trehalose, 5% Mannitol, 0.02% Tween 80, 50% Glycerol, 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT,

pH8.0.

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## **Background**

Pyruvate Kinase Isozymes R/L (PKLR) belongs to the pyruvate kinase family, There are 4 isozymes of pyruvate kinase in mammals: L, R, M1 and M2. L type is major isozyme in the liver; R is found in red cells; M1 is the main form in muscle, heart and brain; M2 is found in early fetal tissues. PKLR exists as a homotetramer and catalyzes the production of phosphoenolpyruvate from pyruvate and ATP. Defects in PKLR are also the cause of pyruvate kinase deficiency of red cells, which is a frequent cause of hereditary non-spherocytic hemolytic anemia.

### For Research Use Only

A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: www.elabscience.com Email: techsupport@elabscience.com