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Recombinant Human SLAMF5/CD84 Protein (aa 22-220, His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH033062

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms SLAM family member 5; Cell surface antigen MAX.3; Hly9-beta; Leukocyte

differentiation antigen CD84;Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule

5;CD84;SLAMF5;hCD84;LY9B;mCD84

Species Human

HEK293 Cells **Expression Host** Lys22-Arg220 Sequence Q9UIB8 Accession Calculated Molecular Weight 23.1 kDa Observed molecular weight 35-43 kDa C-His Tag

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to **Storage**

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

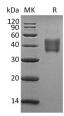
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

For Research Use Only

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SLAM family member 5 (SLAMF5/CD84) is a type I transmembrane protein in the SLAM subgroup of the CD2 family. SLAM family proteins regulate multiple aspects of immune system function. Mature human CD84 consists of a 204 amino acid (aa) extracellular domain (ECD) with two Iglike domains, a 21 aa transmembrane segment, and a 99 aa cytoplasmic domain with two immunoreceptor tyrosinebased switch motifs (ITSMs). CD84 exhibits homophilic binding which is mediated by the N-terminal Ig-like domain. Ligation induces tyrosine phosphorylation in the cytoplasmic ITSMs which then recruit the signaling adaptor molecules SAP (SLAM-associated protein) and EAT-2(EWS/Fli1-activated transcript 2).CD84 signaling inhibits Fc epsilon RI-induced mast cell activation but enhances platelet activation. LPSinduced macrophage activation, T cell proliferation and IFN-γproduction, and the interactions between T cells and B cells that are required for germinal center formation.

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