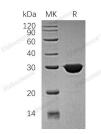
## Recombinant Human TPI1/TIM Protein (His Tag)

#### Catalog No. PKSH033148

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Triosephosphate Isomerase;TIM;Triose-Phosphate Isomerase;TPI1;TPI
Species	Human
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Met 1-Gln249
Accession	P60174
Calculated Molecular Weight	28.8 kDa
Observed molecular weight	30 kDa
Tag	N-His
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Store at $< -20^{\circ}$ C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at $< -20^{\circ}$ C.
Formulation	Supplied as a 0.2 $\mu$ m filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 1mM DTT, 10% Glycerol, pH 8.0.
Reconstitution	Not Applicable
Data	



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### Background

Triose-phosphate isomerase, also named Triose-phosphate isomerase, TPI and TIM, is an enzyme that catalyzes the reversible interconversion of the triose phosphate isomers dihydroxyacetone phosphate and D-glyceraldehyde 3-phosphate. TPI has been found in nearly every organism searched for the enzyme, including animals such as mammals and insects as well as in fungi, plants, and bacteria. However, some bacteria that do not perform glycolysis, like ureaplasmas, lack TPI. TPI plays an important role in glycolysis and is essential for efficient energy production. TPI

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deficiency is an autosomal recessive disorder and the most severe clinical disorder of glycolysis. Triose phosphate isomerase deficiency is associated with neonatal jaundice, chronic hemolytic anemia, progressive neuromuscular dysfunction, cardiomyopathy and increased susceptibility to infection and characterized by chronic hemolytic anemia.

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