Recombinant Rat IL-1 beta/IL1B Protein (mature form)

Catalog No. PKSR030425

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	IL1B
Species	Rat
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Val 117-Ser 268
Accession	Q63264-1
Calculated Molecular Weight	17.4 kDa
Observed molecular weight	35 kDa
Tag	None
Bioactivity	 Measured in a cell proliferation assay using D10.G4. 1 mouse helper T cells. The ED50 for this effect is typically 30-120 pg/mL. Measured by its ability to induce Interferon gamma secretion by human natural killer lymphoma NK-92 cells. The EC50 for this effect is typically 20-100ng/mL.
Properties	
Purity	> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	Please contact us for more information.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile 40mM Tris, 0.15 M NaCl, pH 7.8 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

Data

KDa M 116 -66.2 45.0 35.0 25.0 18.4 14.4

> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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Background

Interleukin-1 beta (IL1 beta or IL1B) also known as catabolin, is a member of the interleukin 1 cytokine family. IL1 is a pleiotropic cytokine. It is involved in the inflammatory response, cell growth, and tissue repair in the cortex. The IL1 superfamily consists of three members, IL1A (IL1 alpha), IL1B (IL1 beta), and IL1 receptor antagonist (IL1Ra). In clinical, it has been reported that Interleukin (IL)-1 may influence Th1 / Th2 immune responsiveness and has been implicated in the establishment of successful pregnancy. Proinflammatory interleukin (IL)-1 gene polymorphisms associated with high levels of IL-1beta activity increase the risk for hypochlorhydria and distal gastric carcinoma. IL1B polymorphisms may be involved in susceptibility to SSc. Moreover, the IL2-384-G allele may be a marker for the limited phenotype of systemic sclerosis (SSc).

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