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# **Recombinant Mouse EphA1 Protein (His Tag)**

Catalog No. PKSM040465

*Note:* Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

**Synonyms** 5730453L17Rik;AL033318;Eph;Esk

**Species** Mouse

**Expression Host** HEK293 Cells **Sequence** Met 1-Glu 548

AccessionQ60750Calculated Molecular Weight58.6 kDaObserved molecular weight68 kDaTagC-His

Bioactivity Immobilized mouse EPHA1-His at 10 µg/ml (100 µl/well) can bind mouse

EFNA1-Fc), The EC50 of mouse EFNA1-Fc is 21.3-49.8 ng/ml.

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

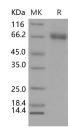
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

# Data



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### **Background**

EPHA1 or EPH receptor A1 belongs to the ephrin receptor subfamily of the protein-tyrosine kinase family. Receptors in

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the EPH subfamily typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. An important role of Eph receptors and their ligands ephrins is to mediate cell-contactdependent repulsion. Eph receptors and ephrins also act at boundaries to channel neuronal growth cones along specific pathways, restrict the migration of neural crest cells, and via bidirectional signaling prevent intermingling between hindbrain segments. Eph receptors and ephrins can also trigger an adhesive response of endothelial cells and are required for the remodeling of blood vessels. Eph receptors and ephrins have emerged as key regulators of the repulsion and adhesion of cells that underlie the establishment, maintainence, and remodeling of patterns of cellular organization. The ephrins and Eph receptors are implicated as positional labels that may guide the development of neural topographic maps.

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