## Recombinant Mouse CD69 Protein (Fc tag, ECD)

#### Catalog No. PKSM040514

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

| Description                 |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Synonyms                    | 5830438K24Rik;AI452015;AIM;VEA;CLEC2C   |
| Species                     | Mouse   |
| Expression Host             | HEK293 Cells  |
| Sequence                    | Gly64-Arg199  |
| Accession                   | NP_001028294.1  |
| Calculated Molecular Weight | 44.1 kDa  |
| Tag                         | N-hFc   |
| Bioactivity                 | Not validated for activity  |
| Properties                  |   |
| Purity                      | > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.  |
| Endotoxin                   | < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.   |
| Storage                     | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months. |
| Shipping                    | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.   |
| Formulation                 | Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4<br>Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as<br>protectants before lyophilization.<br>Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.         |
| Reconstitution              | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.  |
| Data                        |   |

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> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

Early activation antigen CD69, also known as activation inducer molecule (AIM), is a single-pass type II membrane protein. Recently, cDNA clones encoding human and mouse CD69 were isolated and showed CD69 to be a member of the C-type lectin superfamily. It is one of the earliest cell surface antigens expressed by T cells following activation. Once

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expressed, CD69 acts as a costimulatory molecule for T cell activation and proliferation. In addition to mature T cells, CD69 is inducibly expressed by immature thymocytes, B cells, natural killer (NK) cells, monocytes, neutrophils and eosinophils, and is constitutively expressed by mature thymocytes and platelets. CD69 is involved in lymphocyte proliferation and functions as a signal transmitting receptor in lymphocytes, natural killer (NK) cells, and platelets. The structure, chromosomal localization, expression and function of CD69 suggest that it is likely a pleiotropic immune regulator , potentially important in the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of hematopoietic cells. This membrane molecule transiently expresses on activated lymphocytes, and its selective expression in inflammatory infiltrates suggests that it plays a role in the pathogenesis of inflammatory diseases. CD69 plays a crucial role in the pathogenesis of allergen-induced eosinophilic airway inflammation and hyperresponsiveness and that CD69 could be a possible therapeutic target for asthmatic patients.

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