

Recombinant Mouse ICOS/AILIM Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog No. PKSM040666

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

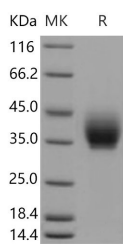
Description

Synonyms	Inducible T-cell costimulator; Activation-inducible lymphocyte immunomediatory molecule; CD28 and CTLA-4-like protein; CCLP; CD28-related protein 1; CRP-1; CD278; Icos; Ailim; AILIM; CCLP; CRP-1; H4; Ly115
Species	Mouse
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Leu 142
Accession	Q9WVS0
Calculated Molecular Weight	40.9 kDa
Tag	C-hFc
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01 % Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Inducible costimulator (ICOS), also called AILIM (activation-inducible lymphocyte immunomediatory molecule) is a cell-

For Research Use Only

surface receptor, and belongs to the CD28 family of immune costimulatory receptors consisting of CD28, CTLA-4 and PD-1. The interaction of B7-H2/ICOS plays a critical role in Th cell differentiation, T-B cell interactions which is essential for germinal center formation, and humoral immune responses, and as well as the production of cytokine IL-4. In addition, ICOS is more potent in the induction of IL-10 production, a cytokine important for suppressive function of T regulatory cells. The B7-1/B7-2-CD28/CTLA-4 and ICOS-B7RP-1 pathway provides key second signals that can regulate the activation, inhibition and fine-tuning of T-lymphocyte responses. ICOS stimulates both Th1 and Th2 cytokine production but may have a preferential role in Th2 cell development. Moreover, The B7-1/B7-2-CD28/CTLA-4 and ICOS-B7RP-1 pathway has been suggested of being involved in the development of airway inflammation and airway hyperresponsiveness.