Recombinant Mouse CD32/FCGR2B Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSM040902

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	AI528646;CD32;F630109E10Rik;Fcgr2;Fcgr2a;FcgRII;Fcr-2;Fcr-3;fcRII;Fc[g]RII; Ly-17;Ly-m20;LyM-1
Species	Mouse
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Arg 217
Accession	NP_001070657.1
Calculated Molecular Weight	21.7 kDa
Observed molecular weight	35-40 kDa
Tag	C-His
Bioactivity	Immobilized mouse FCGR2B-His (CD32) at 10 μ g/ml (100 μ l/well) can bind biotinylated human IgG1, The EC50 of biotinylated human IgG1 is 0.13-0.29 μ g/ml.
Properties	
Purity	> 98 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	



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Background

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Receptors for Fc portion of IgG (Fc γ Rs) are members of the Ig superfamily, and are divided into three classes designated Fc γ RI (CD64), Fc γ RII (CD32), and Fc γ RIII (CD16). CD32 protein is a low affinity receptor for IgG that binds only IgG immune complexes and is expressed on a diverse range of cells such as monocytes, macrophages, neutrophils, eosinophils, platelets, and B cells. Human CD32 class is encoded by three closely related genes, and designated Fc γ RII A, B, and C which share 94-99% amino acid identity in their extracellular domains but differ substantially in their transmembrane and cytoplasmic domains. CD32 is involved in a number of immune responses including antibody-dependent cell-mediated cytotoxicity, clearance of immune complexes, release of inflammatory mediators, and regulation of antibody production.

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