A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

## **Recombinant Mouse CTLA4 Protein (Fc Tag)**

Catalog No. PKSM041002

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Synonyms Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte protein 4;Cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated antigen

4;CTLA-4;CD152;Ctla4

Species Mouse

Expression Host HEK293 Cells
Sequence Ala37-Asp161

AccessionP09793Calculated Molecular Weight40.4 kDaObserved molecular weight50-60 kDaTagC-Fc

**Bioactivity** Loaded Human B7-2-His on HIS1K Biosensor, can bind Mouse CTLA-4-Fc with an

affinity constant of 5.65 nM as determined in BLI assay.

### **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

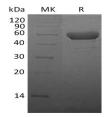
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

#### Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# Background

#### For Research Use Only

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#### **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**



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Mouse Cytotoxic Tlymphocyte 4(CTLA-4,CD152), is a type I transmembrane T cell inhibitory molecule. Within the ECD, Mouse CTLA-4 shares 68% aa sequence identity with human. CTLA4 is similar to the T cell costimulatory protein CD28 since both of the molecules bind to CD80 and CD86 on antigen-presenting cells. CTLA4 transmits an inhibitory signal to T cells, whereas CD28 transmits a stimulatory signal. Intracellular CTLA4 is also found inregulatory T cells and may play an important role in their functions. T cell activation through the T cell receptor and CD28 leads to increased expression of CTLA4. Genetic variations of CTLA4 have been associated with susceptibility to systemic lupus erythematosus(SLE), Gravesdisease(GRD), Celiac disease type3(CELIAC3) and Hepatitis B virus infection(HBVinfection).

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