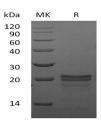
Recombinant Mouse VEGF-A/VEGF164 Protein

Catalog No. PKSM041180

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Vascular endothelial growth factor A;VEGF-A;Vascular permeability factor;VPF;VEGFA;VEGFA164;VEGF164
Species	Mouse
Expression Host	P.pastoris
Sequence	Ala27-Arg190
Accession	Q00731-2
Calculated Molecular Weight	19.3 kDa
Observed molecular weight	18-22 kDa
Tag	None
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity
Properties	
Purity	> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM PB, 250mM NaCl, pH7.0. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Mouse Vascular endothelial growth factor (VEGF or VEGF-A), is a potent mediator of both angiogenesis and

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Web: <u>www.elabscience.com</u>

Elabscience®

vasculogenesis in the fetus and adult. It is a member of the PDGF/VEGF growth factor family that is characterized by a cystine knot structure formed by eight conserved cysteine residues. Alternately spliced isoforms of 120, 164 and 188 aa found in mouse. VEGF binds the type I transmembrane receptor tyrosine kinases VEGF R1 (also called Flt-1) and VEGF R2 (Flk-/KDR) on endothelial cells. Although affinity is highest for binding to VEGF R1, VEGF R2 appears to be the primary mediator of VEGF angiogenic activity. VEGF is required during embryogenesis to regulate the proliferation, migration, and survival of endothelial cells. It may play a role in increasing vascular permeability during lactation, when increased transport of molecules from the blood is required for efficient milk protein synthesis.

For Research Use Only