

Purified Anti-Mouse CD80 Antibody[16-10A1]

Catalog No.	E-AB-F0992A	Reactivity	Mouse
Storage	Store at 2~8°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles	Applications	FCM

Important Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Antigen Information

Alternate Names	T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD80,Cd80,Activation B7-1 antigen,B7
Uniprot ID	Q00609
Background	CD80 is a 60 kD highly glycosylated protein. It is a member of the Ig superfamily and is also known as B7-1, B7, and Ly-53. CD80 is constitutively expressed on dendritic cells and monocytes/macrophages, and inducibly expressed on activated B and T cells. The ligation of CD28 on T cells with CD80 and CD86 (B7-2) on antigen presenting cells (such as dendritic cells, macrophages, and B cells) elicits co-stimulation of T cells resulting in enhanced cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD80 appears to be expressed later in the immune response than CD86. CD80 can also bind to CD152, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.

Product Details

Form	Liquid
Concentration	0.5 mg/mL
Size	25µg/100µg
Clone No.	16-10A1
Host	Armenian Hamster
Isotype	Armenian Hamster IgG
Reactivity	Mouse
Application	FCM
Isotype Control	Purified Armenian Hamster IgG Isotype Control[PIP] [Product E-AB-F09853A]
Storage Buffer	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer.
Shipping	Biological ice pack at 4 °C
Stability & Storage	Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C .Do not freeze. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

For Research Use Only

Recommended usage

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. For flow cytometric staining, the suggested use of this reagent is $\leq 1.0 \mu\text{g}$ per 10^6 cells in 100 μL volume or 100 μL of whole blood. It is recommended that the reagent be titrated for optimal performance for each application.

Related Information

1. Sample Preparation for Flow Cytometry <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5594.html>
2. Staining Cell Surface Targets for Flow Cytometry <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5568.html>
3. Flow Cytometry Troubleshooting Tips <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5593.html>
4. How to select the appropriate detection channel through the spectrogram? <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-459742.html>