Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

## Description

| Synonyms | Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein;LAG3;LAG-3;Protein FDC;CD223;LAG-3 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Species | Human |
| Expression Host | HEK293 Cells |
| Sequence | Leu23-Gly 434 |
| Accession | P18627 |
| Calculated Molecular Weight | 45.5 kDa |
| Observed molecular weight | $60-80 \mathrm{kDa}$ |
| Tag | C-His |
| Bioactivity | Loaded Anti-Human LAG-3 mAb-Fc on Protein A Biosensor, can bind Human LAG-3-6His with an affinity constant of 0.46 nM as determined in BLI assay. |
| Properties |  |
| Purity | $>95 \%$ as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE. |
| Endotoxin | $<1.0 \mathrm{EU}$ per $\mu \mathrm{g}$ of the protein as determined by the LAL method. |
| Storage | Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to $-80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at $4-8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at $<-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 3 months. |
| Shipping | This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs. |
| Formulation | Lyophilized from a $0.2 \mu \mathrm{~m}$ filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4 . <br> Normally $5 \%-8 \%$ trehalose, mannitol and $0.01 \%$ Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. <br> Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual. |
| Reconstitution | Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information. |
| Data |  |


| KDa | $M K$ | $R$ |
| ---: | :--- | ---: | :--- |
| 120 |  |  |
| 90 |  |  |
| 60 |  |  |
| 40 |  |  |
| 30 |  |  |
| 20 |  |  |
| 14 |  |  |
|  |  |  |

$>95 \%$ as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

Human Lymphocyte activation gene 3 protein( LAG3) is a member of immunoglobulin (Ig) superfamily. LAG3 contains 4 extracellular Ig-like domains. The LAG3 gene contains 8 exons. LAG3 is involved in lymphocyte activation and can bind to HLA class-II antigens. It is selectively expressed in activated T and NK cells. LAG3 has a negative regulatory function in T cells and acts as as a new marker of T cell induced B cell activation. As a soluble molecule, LAG3 activates antigen-presenting cells through MHC class II signaling. It can lead to increased antigen-specific T-cell responses in vivo. LAG-3 has higher affinity to MHC class II than CD4.

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