

Recombinant Human LBP Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH033414

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

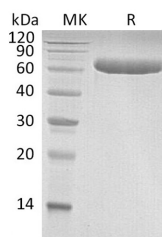
Description

Synonyms	Lipopolysaccharide-Binding Protein;LBP;BPIFD2
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Ala26-Val481
Accession	P18428
Calculated Molecular Weight	52.0 kDa
Observed molecular weight	64 kDa
Tag	C-His
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 500mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA, pH 8.0. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Lipopolysaccharide binding protein (LBP) is a plasma protein, belongs to a member of structurally and functionally

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related proteins which includes bactericidal permeability-increasing protein (BPI), plasma cholesteryl ester transfer protein (CETP) and phospholipid transfer protein (PLTP). It is involved in the acute-phase immunologic response to gram-negative bacterial infections. In cooperation with BPI, LBP binds LPS and interacts with the CD14 receptor, most likely playing a role in regulating LPS-dependent monocyte responses. Studies suggest that LBP is necessary for the rapid acute-phase response to LPS but not for the clearance of LPS from circulation. Finally, the LBP gene is found on chromosome 20, directly downstream of the BPI gene.