Recombinant Mouse CD5 Protein (aa 24-370, His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSM041222



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

T-cell surface glycoprotein CD5;CD5;CD5 antigen;CD5 antigen (p56-62);CD5
molecule;LEU1T-cell surface glycoprotein CD5;Lymphocyte antigen T1;Leu-1;T1;Ly-1
Mouse
HEK293 Cells
Gln24-Asn370
P13379
38.9 kDa
42-58 kDa
C-His
> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

CD5 is a transmembrane glycoprotein of the conserved scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) superfamily and expressed on thymocytes, peripheral T cells and a subset of B cells (B1-a). Moreover, CD5 also was found expressed in small lymphocytic lymphoma, hairy cell leukaemia and mantle cell lymphoma cells. The long cytoplasmic tail of CD5 has no intrinsic enzymatic activity, but contains four tyrosine phosphorylation sites, including an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based (ITAM)-like motif (pseudo-ITAM) and an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory (ITIM)-like motif (pseudo-ITIM), as well as multiple potential serine and threonine phosphorylation sites. It physically associates with the T cell

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antigen receptor (TCR) and B cell antigen receptor (BCR), where it negatively modulates the activation and differentiation signals transduced by these receptors. CD5 also plays an important role in protection from activation-induced cell death and in the recognition of pathogen associated molecular patterns (PAMPS) present on fungal surfaces.

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