

**Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD86 Antibody[BU63]**

<b>Catalog No.</b>	E-AB-F1012M	<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Storage</b>	Store at 2~8°C, Avoid freeze / thaw cycles	<b>Applications</b>	FCM

**Important Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

**Antigen Information**

<b>Alternate Names</b>	T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86, Cd86, Activation B7-2 antigen, Early T-cell costimulatory molecule 1, ETC-1
<b>Uniprot ID</b>	P42081
<b>Background</b>	CD86 is an 80 kD immunoglobulin superfamily member also known as B7-2, B70, and Ly-58. CD86 is expressed on activated B and T cells, monocytes/macrophages, dendritic cells, and astrocytes. CD86, along with CD80, is the ligand of CD28 and CD152 (CTLA-4). CD86 is expressed earlier in the immune response than CD80. CD86 has also been shown to be involved in immunoglobulin class-switching and triggering of NK cell-mediated cytotoxicity. CD86 binds to CD28 to transduce costimulatory signals for T cell activation, proliferation, and cytokine production. CD86 can bind to CD152 as well, also known as CTLA-4, to deliver an inhibitory signal to T cells.

**Product Details**

<b>Form</b>	Liquid
<b>Size</b>	20Tests/100Tests/100Tests×2
<b>Clone No.</b>	BU63
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Isotype</b>	Mouse IgG1, κ
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Application</b>	FCM
<b>Isotype Control</b>	<a href="#">Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control[MOPC-21] [Product E-AB-F09792M]</a>
<b>Storage Buffer</b>	Phosphate buffered solution, pH 7.2, containing 0.09% stabilizer and 1% protein protectant.
<b>Shipping</b>	Biological ice pack at 4 °C
<b>Stability &amp; Storage</b>	Keep as concentrated solution. Store at 2~8°C and protected from prolonged exposure to light. Do not freeze. This product is guaranteed up to one year from purchase.

**For Research Use Only**

## Fluorophore

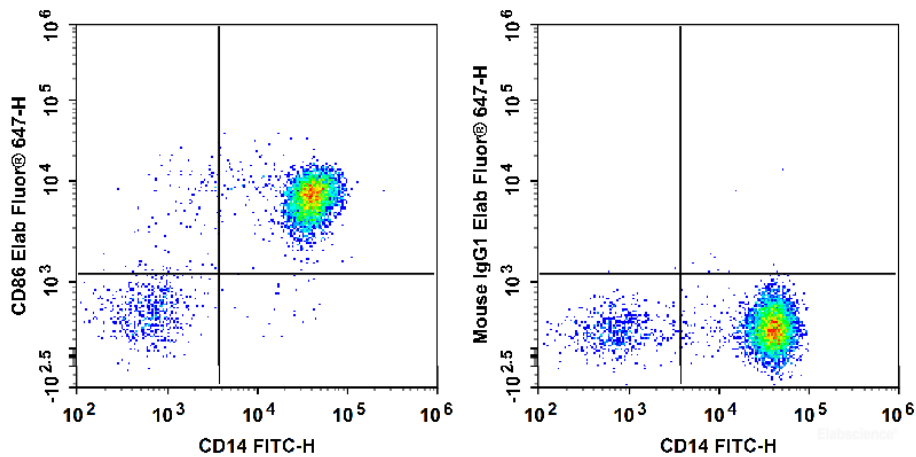
**Conjugation:** Elab Fluor® 647

Elab Fluor® 647 is designed to be excited by the Red laser (627-640 nm) and detected using an optical filter centered near 670 nm (e.g., a 660/20 nm bandpass filter).

## Recommended usage

Each lot of this antibody is quality control tested by flow cytometric analysis. **The amount of the reagent is suggested to be used 5 µL of antibody per test (million cells in 100 µL staining volume or per 100 µL of whole blood).** Please check your vial before the experiment. Since applications vary, the appropriate dilutions must be determined for individual use.

## Product data



Human peripheral blood are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD14 Antibody and Elab Fluor® 647 Anti-Human CD86 Antibody (Left). Cells in the monocyte gate were used for analysis. Cells are stained with FITC Anti-Human CD14 Antibody and Elab Fluor® 647 Mouse IgG1, κ Isotype Control (Right).

## Related Information

1. Sample Preparation for Flow Cytometry <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5594.html>
2. Staining Cell Surface Targets for Flow Cytometry <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5568.html>
3. Flow Cytometry Troubleshooting Tips <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-5593.html>
4. How to select the appropriate detection channel through the spectrogram? <https://www.elabscience.com/List-detail-459742.html>