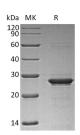
Recombinant Human Oncostatin M/OSM Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH033574

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Oncostatin-M;OSM
Species	Human
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Ala26-Arg221
Accession	P13725
Calculated Molecular Weight	24.4 kDa
Observed molecular weight	28 kDa
Tag	N-His
Bioactivity	Measured by the dose-dependent stimulation of TF-1 cells. The ED_{50} for this effect is 0.2-1 ng/ml.
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 0.01 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mMTris-HCl, 1mM EDTA, 200mM NaCl, pH 7.5. Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

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Oncostatin M (OSM) is a glycoprotein belonging to the interleukin-6 family of cytokines that includes leukemiainhibitory factor, granulocyte colony-stimulating factor, and interleukin 6. OSM encodes a growth regulator, which Inhibits the proliferation of a number of tumor cell lines. It stimulates proliferation of AIDS-KS cells. OSM regulates cytokine production, including IL-6, G-CSF and GM-CSF from endothelial cells. OSM is considered as a pleiotropic cytokine that initiates its biological activities through specific cell surface receptors. The low affinity LIF receptor that shares the similarity of containing protein gp130 has now been identified to be a component of a high- affinity OSM receptor that will transduce OSM signals. OSM has also been shown to play a role in both pro and anti-inflammatory actions. OSM may also be involved in many biometabolism processes including liver development, haematopoeisis, inflammation, bone formation and destruction and possibly CNS development.

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