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Recombinant Human Hemopexin/HPX Protein (His Tag)

PKSH033659 Catalog No.

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms Hemopexin;Hpx;Hpxn

Species Human

HEK293 Cells **Expression Host** Thr24-His462 Sequence

Accession P02790 Calculated Molecular Weight 50.1 kDa Observed molecular weight 60-90 kDa Tag C-His

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

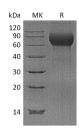
This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue Shipping

ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

Formulation Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of 20mM MES, 150mM NaCl, pH 5.5.

Reconstitution Not Applicable

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Hemopexin (HPX) is plasma glycoprotein belongs to the family of the acute-phase proteins whose synthesis is induced after an inflammatory event. Hemopexin with two four-bladed beta -propeller folds has been found in other proteins including collagenases and provides sites for protein-protein interactions. The liver is the major synthesizing organ. Hemopexin participates in maintaining and recycling the iron pool by utilizing its high binding affinity toward heme composed of protoporphyrin IX and iron. It also functions in preventing oxidation caused by heme after hemolysis. Hydrophobic heme molecules can intercalate into lipid membranes and participate in the oxidation of lipid membrane

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Web: www.elabscience.com

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components through the Fenton reaction resulting in lipid peroxidation. Hemopexin undergoes a conformational change upon the binding of heme. The conformational change allows hemopexin to interact with a specific receptor, forming a complex which is then internalized. Heme concentrations in plasma increase after hemolysis, which is associated with several pathological conditions such as reperfusion injury and ischemia.

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