Recombinant S. cerevisiae TIM16 Protein

Catalog Number: PKSQ050084



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Synonyms	Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit TIM16;Presequence translocated-associated motor subunit PAM16;PAM16;TIM16
Species	S. cerevisiae
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Thr54-Ala119
Accession	P42949
Calculated Molecular Weight	7.9 kDa
Observed molecular weight	11 kDa
Гад	None
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	 Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 300mM NaCl, pH 8.0. Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the print
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Mitochondrial import inner membrane translocase subunit TIM16 (TIM16) is an ssential component of the PAM complex. PAM complex is required for the translocation of transit peptide-containing proteins from the inner membrane into the mitochondrial matrix in an ATP-dependent manner. In the complex, TIM16 is required to regulate activity of mtHSP70 (SSC1) via its interaction with PAM18/TIM14. TIM16 may act by positioning PAM18/TIM14 in juxtaposition to mtHSP70 at the translocon to maximize ATPase stimulation.

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