

USP12 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-18513

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

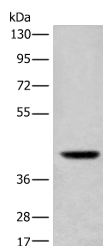
Description

Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Immunogen	Full length fusion protein
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% NaN ₃ and 40% Glycerol, pH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

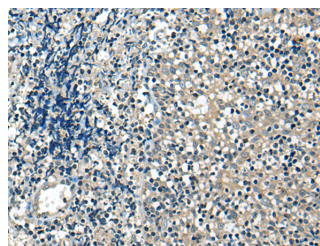
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:25-1:100

Data



Western blot analysis of Mouse liver tissue lysate using USP12 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:700

Observed Mw: Refer to figures
Calculated Mw: 43 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using USP12 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:35 (x200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. Through the use of a wide range of enzymes that can add or remove ubiquitin, the Ub pathway controls many intracellular processes such as signal transduction, transcriptional activation and cell cycle progression. USP12 (ubiquitin specific peptidase 12), also known as UBH1 or USP12L1, is a 370 amino acid protein belonging to the peptidase C19 family and the USP12/USP46 subfamily. Considered a deubiquitinating enzyme, it is suggested that USP12 has almost no deubiquitinating activity by itself and requires the interaction with WDR48 to have high activity. The gene encoding USP12 maps to human chromosome 13, which houses over 400 genes, such as BRCA2 and RB1, and comprises nearly 4% of the human genome.

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