

DHX58 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-19088

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

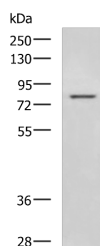
Description

Reactivity	Human, Rat
Immunogen	Fusion protein of human DHX58
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% NaN ₃ and 40% Glycerol,pH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

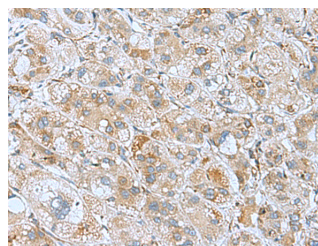
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:50-1:100

Data



Western blot analysis of Rat liver tissue lysate using DHX58 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:800

Observed Mw:Refer to figures
Calculated Mw:77 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using DHX58 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:60(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

Acts as a regulator of DDX58/RIG-I and IFIH1/MDA5 mediated antiviral signaling. Cannot initiate antiviral signaling as it lacks the CARD domain required for activating MAVS/IPS1-dependent signaling events. Can have both negative and positive regulatory functions related to DDX58/RIG-I and IFIH1/MDA5 signaling and this role in regulating signaling may be complex and could probably depend on characteristics of the infecting virus or target cells, or both. Its inhibitory action on DDX58/RIG-I signaling may involve the following mechanisms: competition with DDX58/RIG-I for binding to the viral RNA, binding to DDX58/RIG-I and inhibiting its dimerization and interaction with MAVS/IPS1, competing with IKBKE in its binding to MAVS/IPS1 thereby inhibiting activation of interferon regulatory factor 3 (IRF3). Its positive regulatory role may involve unwinding or stripping nucleoproteins of viral RNA thereby facilitating their recognition by DDX58/RIG-I and IFIH1/MDA5. Involved in the innate immune response to various RNA viruses and some DNA viruses such as poxviruses, and also to the bacterial pathogen *Listeria monocytogenes*. Can bind both ssRNA and dsRNA, with a

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higher affinity for dsRNA. Shows a preference to 5'-triphosphorylated RNA, although it can recognize RNA lacking a 5'-triphosphate.