

CKMT1A/CKMT1B Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-19301

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

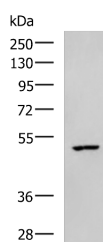
Description

Reactivity	Human
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of human CKMT1A/CKMT1B
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% NaN ₃ and 40% Glycerol, pH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

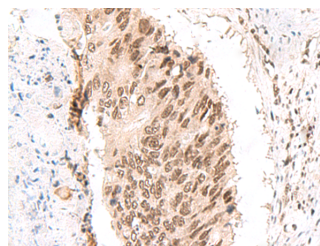
WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:40-1:200

Data

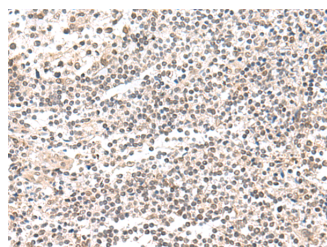


Western blot analysis of MCF7 cell lysate using CKMT1A/CKMT1B Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:600

Observed Mw: Refer to figures
Calculated Mw: 47 kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colorectal cancer tissue using CKMT1A/CKMT1B Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:55 (×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil tissue using CKMT1A/CKMT1B Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:55 (×200)

Preparation & Storage

For Research Use Only

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

Mitochondrial creatine (MtCK) kinase is responsible for the transfer of high energy phosphate from mitochondria to the cytosolic carrier, creatine. It belongs to the creatine kinase isoenzyme family. It exists as two isoenzymes, sarcomeric MtCK and ubiquitous MtCK, encoded by separate genes. Mitochondrial creatine kinase occurs in two different oligomeric forms: dimers and octamers, in contrast to the exclusively dimeric cytosolic creatine kinase isoenzymes. Many malignant cancers with poor prognosis have shown overexpression of ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase; this may be related to high energy turnover and failure to eliminate cancer cells via apoptosis. Ubiquitous mitochondrial creatine kinase has 80% homology with the coding exons of sarcomeric mitochondrial creatine kinase. Two genes located near each other on chromosome 15 have been identified which encode identical mitochondrial creatine kinase proteins.

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