



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

### **GFP-Tag Monoclonal Antibody**

Catalog No. E-AB-20014

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

**Immunogen** Recombinant Protein

Host Mouse **Isotype** IgG

Clone Clone:6G4

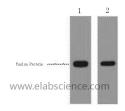
Purification Protein A purification

Buffer PBS with 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol pH 7.4.

**Applications Recommended Dilution** 

WB 1:2000-10000

#### Data



Western Blot analysis of 2ug GFP fusion protein using GFP-Tag Monoclonal Antibody at dilution of 1) 1:5000, 2) 1:10000.

## **Preparation & Storage**

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

# **Background**

Protein tags are protein or peptide sequences located either on the C- or N- terminal of the target protein, which facilitates one or several of the following characteristics: solubility, detection, purification, localization and expression. Green fluorescence protein(GFP) is a protein composed of 238 amino acid residues(26.9kDa) derived from the Jellyfish Aequorea victoria, which emits green light(emission peak at 509nm) when excited by blue light(excitation peak at 395nm). GFP has become an invaluable tool in cell biology research, since its intrinsic fluorescence can be visualized in living cells. EGFP contains the double-amino-acid substitutions Phe-64 to Leu and Ser-65 to Thr(previously published as GFPmut1). In contrast to wtGFP, EGFP has a single, strong, red-shifted excitation peak at 488nm. GFPmut1 fluoresces 35-fold more intensely than wtGFP when excited at 488nm, due to an increase in its extinction coefficient(Em).

#### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Web: www.elabscience.com