

ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-53586

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

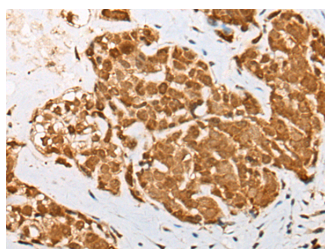
Description

Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Immunogen	Synthetic peptide of human ATN1
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Antigen affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% NaN ₃ and 40% Glycerol, pH7.4

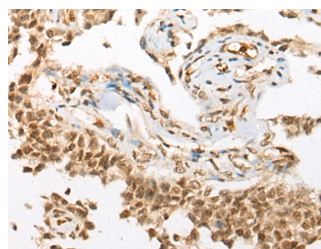
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC	1:40-1:200
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Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer tissue using ATN1 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50(×200)

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

Dentatorubral pallidoluysian atrophy (DRPLA) is a rare neurodegenerative disorder characterized by cerebellar ataxia, myoclonic epilepsy, choreoathetosis, and dementia. The disorder is related to the expansion from 7-35 copies to 49-93 copies of a trinucleotide repeat (CAG/CAA) within this gene. The encoded protein includes a serine repeat and a region of alternating acidic and basic amino acids, as well as the variable glutamine repeat. Alternative splicing results in two transcripts variants that encode the same protein. ATN1 (Atrophin 1) is a Protein Coding gene. Diseases associated with ATN1 include Dentatorubro-Pallidoluysian Atrophy and Spinocerebellar Ataxia 1. GO annotations related to this gene include protein domain specific binding. An important paralog of this gene is RERE.

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