

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

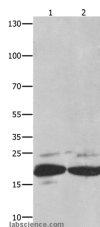
Description

Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human FADD
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Formulation	PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4

Applications Recommended Dilution

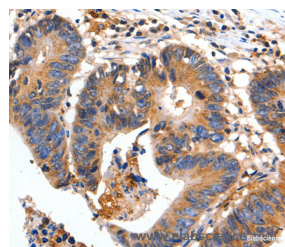
WB	1:1000-1:5000
IHC	1:50-1:100

Data

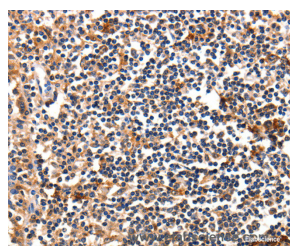


Western Blot analysis of Mouse spleen tissue and RAW264.7 cell using FADD Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:550

Calculated Mw: 23kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human colon cancer using FADD Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:35



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human tonsil using FADD Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:35

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is an adaptor molecule that interacts with various cell surface receptors and mediates cell apoptotic signals. Through its C-terminal death domain, this protein can be recruited by TNFRSF6/Fas-receptor, tumor necrosis factor receptor, TNFRSF25, and TNFSF10/TRAIL-receptor, and thus it participates in the death signaling

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FADD Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: E-AB-10318

2 Publications



initiated by these receptors. Interaction of this protein with the receptors unmasks the N-terminal effector domain of this protein, which allows it to recruit caspase-8, and thereby activate the cysteine protease cascade. Knockout studies in mice also suggest the importance of this protein in early T cell development.

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