

# CST3 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number:E-AB-12265

**Note:** Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

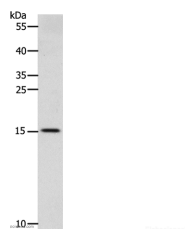
## Description

|                     |                                                     |
|---------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Reactivity</b>   | Human                                               |
| <b>Immunogen</b>    | Synthetic peptide of human CST3                     |
| <b>Host</b>         | Rabbit                                              |
| <b>Isotype</b>      | IgG                                                 |
| <b>Purification</b> | Affinity purification                               |
| <b>Conjugation</b>  | Unconjugated                                        |
| <b>Formulation</b>  | PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4 |

## Applications Recommended Dilution

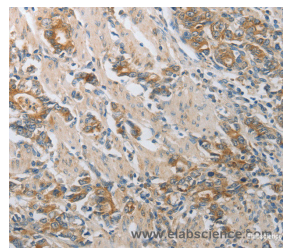
|            |               |
|------------|---------------|
| <b>WB</b>  | 1:1000-1:5000 |
| <b>IHC</b> | 1:50-1:200    |

## Data



Western Blot analysis of Human fetal brain tissue using CST3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:2400

**Calculated Mw:16kDa**



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human gastric cancer using CST3 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:50

## Preparation & Storage

**Storage** Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

## Background

The cystatin superfamily encompasses proteins that contain multiple cystatin-like sequences. Some of the members are active cysteine protease inhibitors, while others have lost or perhaps never acquired this inhibitory activity. There are three inhibitory families in the superfamily, including the type 1 cystatins (stefins), type 2 cystatins and the kininogens. The type 2 cystatin proteins are a class of cysteine proteinase inhibitors found in a variety of human fluids and secretions, where they appear to provide protective functions. The cystatin locus on chromosome 20 contains the majority of the type 2 cystatin genes and pseudogenes. This gene is located in the cystatin locus and encodes the most abundant extracellular inhibitor of cysteine proteases, which is found in high concentrations in biological fluids and is expressed in virtually all organs of the body. A mutation in this gene has been associated with amyloid angiopathy. Expression of this protein in vascular wall smooth muscle cells is severely reduced in both atherosclerotic and aneurysmal aortic lesions, establishing its role in vascular disease.

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