Factor XIIIa Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog Number: E-AB-12903



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat

Immunogen Synthetic peptide of human F13A1

Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG

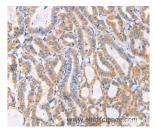
Purification Affinity purification
Conjugation Unconjugated

Formulation PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4

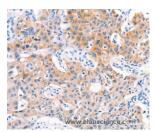
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:100-1:300

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using Factor XIIIa Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:80



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human lung cancer tissue using Factor XIIIa Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:80

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

This gene encodes the coagulation factor XIII A subunit. Coagulation factor XIII is the last zymogen to become activated in the blood coagulation cascade. Plasma factor XIII is a heterotetramer composed of 2 A subunits and 2 B subunits. The A subunits have catalytic function, and the B subunits do not have enzymatic activity and may serve as plasma carrier molecules. Platelet factor XIII is comprised only of 2 A subunits, which are identical to those of plasma origin. Upon cleavage of the activation peptide by thrombin and in the presence of calcium ion, the plasma factor XIII dissociates its B subunits and yields the same active enzyme, factor XIIIa, as platelet factor XIII. This enzyme acts as a transglutaminase to catalyze the formation of gamma-glutamyl-epsilon-lysine crosslinking between fibrin molecules, thus stabilizing the fibrin clot. It also crosslinks alpha-2-plasmin inhibitor, or fibronectin, to the alpha chains of fibrin.

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