

ERN2 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-13221

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

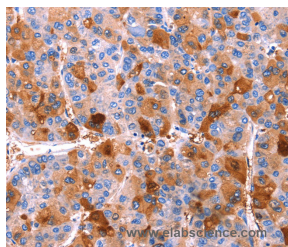
Description

| | |
|---------------------|---|
| Reactivity | Human |
| Immunogen | Synthetic peptide of human ERN2 |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Isotype | IgG |
| Purification | Affinity purification |
| Conjugation | Unconjugated |
| Buffer | PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4 |

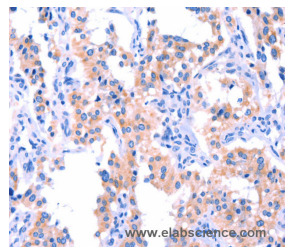
Applications Recommended Dilution

IHC 1:50-1:200

Data



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer tissue using ERN2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:40



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human thyroid cancer tissue using ERN2 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution 1:40

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

Background

The accumulation of unfolded proteins within the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) of yeast and mammalian cells activates the unfolded protein response (UPR) pathway and leads to the transcription of ER-specific genes involved in protein folding. The activation of the UPR requires the ER transmembrane kinase IRE1p (for inositol-requiring and ER-to-nucleus signaling protein). IRE1 α and IRE1 β are two mammalian homologs of the yeast IRE1p. These related proteins localize to the ER lumen and contain both a short transmembrane domain that spans the ER membrane and a cytosolic Ser/Thr kinase domain. IRE1 activation involves the oligomerization and trans-phosphorylation of the cytosolic portion of the proteins, which then potentiates its intrinsic kinase activity and, in turn, stimulates transcription of UPR-targeted genes.

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