

PSMD9 Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No. E-AB-14324

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

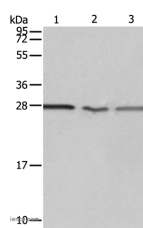
Description

Reactivity	Human,Mouse,Rat
Immunogen	Recombinant protein of human PSMD9
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Purification	Affinity purification
Conjugation	Unconjugated
Buffer	PBS with 0.05% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, PH7.4

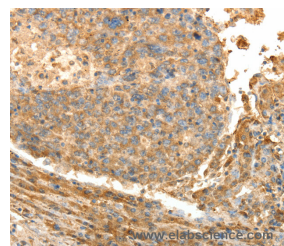
Applications Recommended Dilution

WB	1:500-1:2000
IHC	1:50-1:200

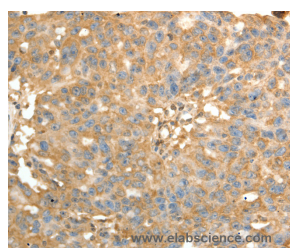
Data



Western Blot analysis of Jurkat, A549 cell and Human fetal kidney tissue using PSMD9 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:750
Calculated Mw:25kDa



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human liver cancer using PSMD9 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:40



Immunohistochemistry of paraffin-embedded Human ovarian cancer using PSMD9 Polyclonal Antibody at dilution of 1:40

Preparation & Storage

Storage Store at -20°C. Avoid freeze / thaw cycles.

For Research Use Only

Background

The 26S proteasome is a multicatalytic proteinase complex with a highly ordered structure composed of 2 complexes, a 20S core and a 19S regulator. The 20S core is composed of 4 rings of 28 non-identical subunits; 2 rings are composed of 7 alpha subunits and 2 rings are composed of 7 beta subunits. The 19S regulator is composed of a base, which contains 6 ATPase subunits and 2 non-ATPase subunits, and a lid, which contains up to 10 non-ATPase subunits. Proteasomes are distributed throughout eukaryotic cells at a high concentration and cleave peptides in an ATP/ubiquitin-dependent process in a non-lysosomal pathway. An essential function of a modified proteasome, the immunoproteasome, is the processing of class I MHC peptides. This gene encodes a non-ATPase subunit of the 19S regulator. Three transcript variants encoding two different isoforms have been found for this gene.