Recombinant Human CD32a/FCGR2A Protein (167 His, His&AVI Tag), Biotinylated

Catalog No. PKSH030290

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Low affinity immunoglobulin gamma Fc region receptor II-a;IgG Fc receptor II- a;CDw32;Fc-gamma RII-a;Fc-gamma-RIIa;FcRII- a;CD32;FCGR2A;FCG2;FCGR2A1;IGFR2;CD32A;CDw32;Fc gamma RIIA;FCG2;FcGR;FCGR2
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Met 210
Accession	P12318-1
Calculated Molecular Weight	23.6 kDa
Observed molecular weight	33 kDa
Tag	C-His-Avi
Bioactivity	 Immobilized human IgG2 at 10 μg/ml (100 μl/well) can bind biotinylated human CD32 with a linear ranger of 0.16-0.8 μg/ml. Using the Octet RED System, the affinity constant (Kd) of CD32a-AVI-His + BirA bound to human IgG was 12nM. 3. Labeling ratio of biotin to protein: 0.1-0.6.
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per μ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

KDa MK R 116 66.2 45.0 35.0 25.0 18.4 14.4 14.4

>95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

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Background

Receptors for the Fc region of IgG (Fc γ R) are members of the Ig superfamily that function in the activation or inhibition of immune responses. Human Fc γ Rs are divided into three classes designated Fc γ RI (CD64), Fc γ RII (CD32), and Fc γ RIII (CD16), which generate multiple isoforms, are recognized. The activating- type receptor either has or associates non-covalently with an accessory subunit that has an immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motif (ITAM) in its cytoplasmic domain. Fc γ RI binds IgG with high affinity and functions during early immune responses, whereas Fc γ RII and RIII are low affinity receptors that recognize IgG as aggregates surrounding multivalent antigens during late immune responses. Three genes for human Fc γ RII (A, B, and C) and one for mouse (Fc γ RIIB), encoding type I transmembrane proteins with ITAM motifs (Fc γ RII A and C) or ITIM motifs (Fc γ RIIB) in their cytoplasmic domains, have been identified. Human CD32, also known as Low affinity immunoglobulin γ Fc region receptor II-a, Fc γ RII A or FCGR2A Protein, is expressed on cells of both myeloid and lymphoid lineages as well as on cells of non-hematopoietic origin. Associated with an ITAM-bearing adapter subunit, FcR γ , CD32a delivers an activating signal upon ligand binding, and results in the initiation of inflammatory responses including cytolysis, phagocytosis, degranulation, and cytokine production.