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# Recombinant Human CAMK1G/CaMKI gamma Protein (His & GST Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH030332

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

# **Description**

Synonyms CLICK3;CLICKIII;dJ272L16.1;RP1-272L16.2;VWS1

Species Human

**Expression Host** Baculovirus-Insect Cells

SequenceMet 1-Met 476AccessionQ96NX5-1Calculated Molecular Weight81.0 kDaObserved molecular weight75 kDaTagN-His-GST

**Bioactivity** Not validated for activity

# **Properties**

**Purity** > 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Storage Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

**Shipping** This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue

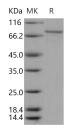
ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < - 20°C.

**Formulation** Supplied as sterile solution of 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 20% glycerol,

0.3mM DTT

**Reconstitution** Not Applicable

#### Data



> 85 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

# **Background**

Calmodulin-Dependent Protein Kinase (CaM Kinase) is a kind of protein phosphorylate multiple downstream targets. Concentration of cytosolic calcium functions as a second messenger that mediates a wide range of cellular responses. Calcium binds to calcium binding proteins (calmodulin/CaM) and stimulates the activity of a variety of enzymes, including CaM kinases referred to as CaM-kinases (CaMKs), such as CaMKI, CaMKII, CaMKIV and CaMKK. Calmodulin-dependent protein kinase CL3/CaMKIγ is a memberane-anchored CaMK belonging to the CaM kinase

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family. Its C-terminal region is uniquely modified by two sequential lipidification steps: prenylation followed by a kinaseactivity-regulated palmitoylation. These modifications are essential for CaMKIy membrane anchoring and targeting into detergent-resistant lipid microdomains in the dendrites. It has been found that CaMKIy critically contributed to BDNFstimulated dendritic growth. Raft insertion of CaMKIy specifically promoted dendritogenesis of cortical neurons by acting upstream of RacGEF STEF and Rac, both present in lipid rafts. Thus, CaMKIy may represent a key element in the Ca2+-dependent and lipid-raft-delineated switch that turns on extrinsic activity-regulated dendrite formation in developing cortical neurons.

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