A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

# Recombinant Human FGFR3/CD333 Protein (alpha IIIb, His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH030489

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

#### **Description**

**Synonyms** Fibroblast growth factor receptor

3;FGFR-3;FGFR3;JTK4;IIIc;ACH;CD333;CEK2;HSFGFR3EX

Species Human

Expression Host HEK293 Cells
Sequence Met 1-Gly377
Accession NP\_001156685.1

Calculated Molecular Weight 40 kDa
Tag C-His

**Bioactivity** Not validated for activity

## **Properties**

**Purity** > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per μg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



>95~% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

### **Background**

FGFR3, also known as CD333, is a member of the fibroblast growth factor receptor (FGFR) family, with its amino acid sequence being highly conserved between members and among divergent species. FGFR family members differ from one

#### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

Web: www.elabscience.com

Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

## **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**



A Reliable Research Partner in Life Science and Medicine

another in their ligand affinities and tissue distribution. FGFRs are transmembrane catalytic receptors that have intracellular tyrosine kinase activity. Mutations in FGFR genes are the cause of several human developmental disorders characterized by skeletal abnormalities such as achondroplasia, and upregulation of FGFR expression may lead to cell transformation and cancer. FGFR3, a full-length representative protein would consist of an extracellular region, composed of three immunoglobulin-like domains, a single hydrophobic membrane-spanning segment and a cytoplasmic tyrosine kinase domain. The extracellular portion of FGFR3 interacts with fibroblast growth factors, setting in motion a cascade of downstream signals, ultimately influencing mitogenesis and differentiation. FGFR3 binds acidic and basic fibroblast growth hormone and plays a role in bone development and maintenance. Mutations in FGFR3 gene lead to craniosynostosis and multiple types of skeletal dysplasia. Three alternatively spliced transcript variants that encode different protein isoforms have been described. CD333 is the receptor for acidic and basic fibroblast growth factors.

For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017 Email: techsupport@elabscience.com

Web: www.elabscience.com