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Recombinant Human TSPAN8/Tetraspanin 8 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH030524

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms CO-029;TM4SF3

Species Human

HEK293 Cells **Expression Host** Lys110-Asn205 Sequence

Accession P19075 Calculated Molecular Weight 37.6 kDa Observed molecular weight 46 kDa Tag N-mFc

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

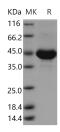
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Tetraspanin 8 (TSPAN8) as an important modulator of melanoma invasiveness; and several of its transcriptional regulators; which affect TSPAN8 expression during melanoma progression toward an invasive stage. p53 as a negative

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regulator of Tspan8 expression. p53 as a regulator of melanoma invasion and the concept that reactivating p53 could provide a strategy for modulating not only proliferative but also invasive capacity in melanoma treatment. Tetraspanin 8 (TSPAN8) is a tumor-associated antigen implicated in tumor progression and metastasis. TSPAN8 may play an important role in mCRC cell invasion. TSPAN8 was overexpressed in human gastric cancer tissues and gastric cancer cell lines compared with the normal. TSPAN8 overexpression promoted cell proliferation and invasion; while TSPAN8 suppression inhibited cell proliferation and invasion. TSPAN8 could activate the ERK MAPK pathway in gastric cancer cells; and MEK-ERK inhibition reversed the effects of TSPAN8 overexpression on cell proliferation and invasion.

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