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# Recombinant Human PPIase/FKBP7 Protein (Fc Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH030675

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

### **Description**

Synonyms Peptidyl-Prolyl Cis-Trans Isomerase FKBP7;PPIase FKBP7;23 kDa FK506-Binding

Protein;23 kDa FKBP;FKBP-23;FK506-Binding Protein

7;FKBP-7;Rotamase;FKBP7;FKBP23

Species Human

Expression Host

Sequence

Met 1-Gln218

Accession

Q9Y680-2

Calculated Molecular Weight

Observed molecular weight

Tag

HEK293 Cells

494 8-0

55 kDa

C-hFc

**Bioactivity** Not validated for activity

#### **Properties**

**Purity** > 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

**Endotoxin** < 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.

**Storage** Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

**Shipping** This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

**Formulation** Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

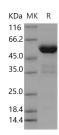
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

**Reconstitution** Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

### Data



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

### For Research Use Only

Toll-free: 1-888-852-8623 Tel: 1-832-243-6086 Fax: 1-832-243-6017

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#### **Elabscience Bionovation Inc.**



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PPIase is a member of the immunophilin protein family. It also belongs to the cyclophilin-type PPIase family, PPIL3 subfamily. PPIase contains 1 PPIase cyclophilin-type domain. Members of the immunophilin protein family play a role in immunoregulation and basic cellular processes involving protein folding and trafficking. PPIases accelerate the folding of proteins. It catalyzes the cis-trans isomerization of proline imidic peptide bonds in oligopeptides. It has a very high substrate specificity for the four-residue peptide Ala-Ala-Pro-Phe only when the proline peptide bond is in the trans state. It interacts with several intracellular signal transduction proteins including type I TGF-beta receptor. It also interacts with multiple intracellular calcium release channels, and coordinates multi-protein complex formation of the tetrameric skeletal muscle ryanodine receptor. In mouse, deletion of this homologous gene causes congenital heart disorder known as noncompaction of left ventricular myocardium.

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