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Recombinant Human DIM1/TXNL4A Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH030841

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms BMKS;DIB1;DIM1;SNRNP15;TXNL4;U5-15kD

SpeciesHumanExpression HostE.coli

Sequence Met 1-Tyr 142

AccessionP83876Calculated Molecular Weight18.6 kDaObserved molecular weight16 kDaTagN-His

Bioactivity Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity > 94 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin Please contact us for more information.

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH 8.0

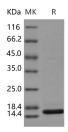
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 94 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

DIM1, also known as TXNL4A, is a member of the Dim protein family. The Dim protein family is composed of two classes, DIM1 and Dim2, which share a common thioredoxin-like fold. They were originally identified for their role in cell

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cycle progression and have been found to interact with Prp6, an essential component of the spliceosome, which forms the bridge of U4/U6.U5-tri-snRNP. In spite of their biological and structural similarities, DIM1 and Dim2 proteins differ in many aspects. DIM1 bears distinctive structural motifs responsible for its interaction with other spliceosome components. Dim2 forms homodimers and contains specific domains required for its interactions with partners. This originality suggests that although both proteins are involved in pre-mRNA splicing, they are likely to be involved in different biological pathways. DIM1 interacts with HNRPF, HNRPH2, NEDD9/HEF1 and PQBP1/NPW38. It plays an essential role in pre-mRNA splicing.

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