Recombinant Human VDR/NR1I1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number: PKSH030931



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms NR1I1;PPP1R163

Species Human

Expression Host Baculovirus-Insect Cells

Sequence Met 1-Ser 427

AccessionP11473Calculated Molecular Weight50.0 kDaObserved molecular weight50 kDaTagC-His

Properties

Purity > 88 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile 50mM Tris, 100mM NaCl, pH 8.0, 10% glycerol

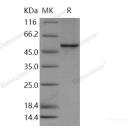
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 88 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

VDR (vitamin D(1,25- dihydroxyvitamin D3)receptor), also known as NR111, belongs to the NR11 family, NR1 subfamily. It is composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-terminal ligand-binding domain. Vitamin D receptors (VDRs) are members of the NR11 family, which also includes pregnane X (PXR) and constitutive androstane (CAR) receptors, that form heterodimers with members of the retinoid X receptor family. VDRs repress expression of 1alpha-hydroxylase (the proximal activator of 1,25(OH)2D3) and induce expression of the 1,25(OH)2D3 inactivating enzyme CYP24. Also, it has recently been identified as an additional bile acid receptor alongside FXR and may function to protect gut against the toxic and carcinogenic effects of these endobiotics. VDR is expressed in the intestine, thyroid and kidney and has a vital role in calcium homeostasis. It is the nuclear hormone

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receptor, also called transcription factor that mediates the action of vitamin D3. Inherited mutations in the VDR gene leads to rickets.

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