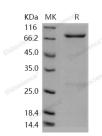
Recombinant Human PDE9A Protein (His & GST Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031015

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	HSPDE9A2
Species	Human
Expression Host	Baculovirus-Insect Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Ala 533
Accession	O76083-2
Calculated Molecular Weight	89.5 kDa
Observed molecular weight	75 kDa
Tag	N-His-GST
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity
Properties	
Purity	> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, 5mM GSH, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	



> 90 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

High affinity cGMP-specific 3';5'-cyclic phosphodiesterase 9A; also known as PDE9A; is a member of the cyclic

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nucleotide phosphodiesterase family and PDE9 subfamily. PDE9A is expressed in all tissues examined (testis; brain; small intestine; skeletal muscle; heart; lung; thymus; spleen; placenta; kidney; liver; pancreas; ovary and prostate) except blood. Highest levels of PDE9A is in brain; heart; kidney; spleen; prostate and colon. IsoformPDE9A12is found in prostate. PDE9A mRNA is widely distributed throughout the rat and mouse brain; with the highest expression observed in cerebellar Purkinje cells.PDE9A is the only cGMP-specific PDE with significant expression in the forebrain; and as such is likely to play an important role in NO-cGMP signaling. PDE9A is highly conserved between species and is widely distributed throughout the rodent brain. PDE9A is probably involved in maintenance of low cGMP levels in cells and might play an important role in a variety of brain functions involving cGMP-mediated signal transduction. PDE9A hydrolyzes the second messenger cGMP; which is a key regulator of many important physiological processes. PDE9A represents a novel drug target worthy of further study.

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