Recombinant Human SULT1B1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031074

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	Sulfotransferase Family Cytosolic 1B Member 1;ST1B1;Sulfotransferase 1B1;Sulfotransferase 1B2;ST1B2;Thyroid Hormone Sulfotransferase;SULT1B1;ST1B2;SULT1B2
Species	Human
Expression Host	E.coli
Sequence	Leu 2-Ile 296
Accession	NP_055280.2
Calculated Molecular Weight	35.7 kDa
Observed molecular weight	34 kDa
Tag	N-His
Bioactivity	Measured by its ability to transfer sulfate from PAPS to 1-Napthol. The specific activity is > 40 pmoles/min/ μ g.
Properties	
Purity	> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	Please contact us for more information.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile 20mM Tris, 0.1 M NaCl, 10% glycerol, 1mM DTT, pH 8.0 Normally 5% - 8% trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween 80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

> 95 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

For Research Use Only

Elabscience®

Background

Sulfotransferase family cytosolic 1B member 1; also known as Sulfotransferase 1B1; Sulfotransferase 1B2; Thyroid hormone sulfotransferase; SULT1B1 and ST1B2; is a cytoplasm protein which belongs to thesulfotransferase 1 family. Sulfotransferase enzymes catalyze the sulfate conjugation of many hormones; neurotransmitters; drugs; and xenobiotic compounds. These cytosolic enzymes are different in their tissue distributions and substrate specificities. SULT1B1 is highly expressed in the liver; peripheral blood leukocytes; colon (mucosal lining); small intestine (jejunum) and spleen. A lesser expression of SULT1B1 was observed in the lung; placenta and thymus. SULT1B1 catalyzes the sulfate conjugation of many hormones; neurotransmitters; drugs and xenobiotic compounds. Sulfonation increases the water solubility of most compounds; and therefore their renal excretion; but it can also result in bioactivation to form active metabolites. SULT1B1 sulfates dopamine; small phenols such as 1-naphthol and p-nitrophenol and thyroid hormones; including 3;3'-diiodothyronine; triidothyronine; reverse triiodothyronine and thyroxine.