Recombinant Human EDAR/DL Protein (His Tag)

Catalog Number:PKSH031080



Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description

Synonyms DL;ECTD10A;ECTD10B;ED1R;ED3;ED5;EDA-A1R;EDA1R;EDA3;HRM1

Species Human

Expression Host

Sequence

Met 1-Ile 189

Accession

NP_071731.1

Calculated Molecular Weight

Observed molecular weight

Tag

HEK293 Cells

Met 1-Ile 189

NP_071731.1

19.0 kDa

30-40 kDa

C-His

Properties

Purity > 96 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin $< 1.0 \text{ EU per } \mu \text{g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.}$

Storage Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to

-80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots

of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.

Shipping This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.

Formulation Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4

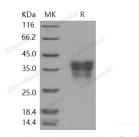
Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as

protectants before lyophilization.

Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.

Reconstitution Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.

Data



> 96 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Tumor necrosis factor receptor superfamily member EDAR is a Single-pass type I membrane protein. Edar was expressed reiteratively in signaling centers regulating key steps in morphogenesis. activin signaling from mesenchyme induces the expression of the TNF receptor edar in the epithelial signaling centers; thus making them responsive to Wnt-induced ectodysplasin from the nearby ectoderm. This is the first demonstration of integration of the Wnt; activin; and TNF signaling pathways. Defects in EDAR are a cause of ectodermal dysplasia anhidrotic (EDA); also known ectodermal dysplasia hypohidrotic autosomal recessive (HED). Ectodermal dysplasia defines a heterogeneous group of disorders due to abnormal development of two or more ectodermal structures. EDA is characterized by sparse hair (atrichosis or hypotrichosis); abnormal or missing teeth and the inability to sweat due to the absence of sweat glands.

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