

Recombinant Human CMA1/Chymase 1 Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031112

Note: Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

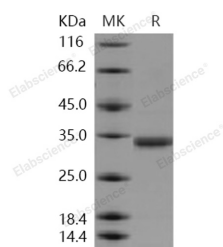
Description

Synonyms	chymase;CYH;MCT1
Species	Human
Expression Host	Baculovirus-Insect Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Asn 247
Accession	P23946
Calculated Molecular Weight	26.6 kDa
Observed molecular weight	33 kDa
Tag	C-His
Bioactivity	Not validated for activity

Properties

Purity	> 92 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per µg of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Store at < -20°C, stable for 6 months. Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.
Shipping	This product is provided as liquid. It is shipped at frozen temperature with blue ice/gel packs. Upon receipt, store it immediately at < -20°C.
Formulation	Supplied as sterile solution of 20mM Tris, 500mM NaCl, pH 7.4, 10% glycerol
Reconstitution	Not Applicable

Data



> 92 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

Background

Chymotrypsin C (abbreviated for CTRC), also known as caldecrin or elastase4, is a digestive enzyme of the peptidase S1 family. This enzyme is synthesized as an inactivate chymotrypsinogen. On cleavage by trypsin into two parts that activate each other by removing two small peptides in a trans-proteolysis, chymotrypsin C produced. N-linked glycosylation of human CTRC is required for efficient folding and secretion, however, the N-linked glycan is unimportant for enzyme activity or inhibitor binding. It has been proposed that CTRC is a key regulator of digestive zymogen activation and a physiological co-activator of digestive carboxypeptidases proCPA1 and proCPA2. Mutations that abolish activity or

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secretion of CTSC increase the risk for chronic pancreatitis. It's speculated that CTSC might regulate pancreatic cancer cell migration in relation to cytokeratin 18 expression. The pancreatic cancer cell migration ability was downregulated in pancreatic cancer Aspc-1 cells that overexpressed CTSC, whereas the cell migration ability was upregulated in Aspc-1 cells in which CTSC was suppressed.