## Recombinant Human CD131/CSF2RB Protein (His Tag)

Catalog No. PKSH031555

*Note:* Centrifuge before opening to ensure complete recovery of vial contents.

Description	
Synonyms	CD131;CDw131;IL3RB;IL5RB;SMDP5
Species	Human
Expression Host	HEK293 Cells
Sequence	Met 1-Trp 443
Accession	NP_000386.1
Calculated Molecular Weight	50.0 kDa
Observed molecular weight	50-55 kDa
Tag	C-His
Bioactivity	Measured by its binding ability in a functional ELISA. Immobilized human CD131 at 10 $\mu$ g/ml (100 $\mu$ l/well) can bind biotinylated human EPOR/Fc with a linear range of 0.16-4 $\mu$ g/ml.
Properties	
Purity	> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	< 1.0 EU per $\mu$ g of the protein as determined by the LAL method.
Storage	Generally, lyophilized proteins are stable for up to 12 months when stored at -20 to -80°C. Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-8°C for 2-7 days. Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20°C for 3 months.
Shipping	This product is provided as lyophilized powder which is shipped with ice packs.
Formulation	Lyophilized from sterile PBS, pH 7.4 Normally 5 % - 8 % trehalose, mannitol and 0.01% Tween80 are added as protectants before lyophilization. Please refer to the specific buffer information in the printed manual.
Reconstitution	Please refer to the printed manual for detailed information.
Data	

KDa M 1116 66.2 45.0 35.0 25.0 18.4 14.4

> 97 % as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## Background

## **For Research Use Only**

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Colony stimulating factor 2 receptor, beta, low-affinity (CSF2RB) also known as CD131 antigen (CD131), cytokine receptor common subunit beta, GM-CSF/IL-3/IL-5 receptor common beta-chain, interleukin 3 receptor/granulocyte-macrophage colony stimulating factor 3 receptor, beta (IL3RB), is the common beta chain of the high affinity receptor for IL-3, IL-5 and CSF. Defects in this protein have been reported to be associated with protein alveolar proteinosis (PAP). CD131 belongs to the type I cytokine receptor family. The cluster of differentiation (cluster of designation) (often abbreviated as CD) is a protocol used for the identification and investigation of cell surface molecules present on white blood cells initially but found in almost any kind of cell of the body, providing targets for immunophenotyping of cells. Defects in CD131/CSF2RB are the cause of pulmonary surfactant metabolism dysfunction type 5 (SMDP5). SMDP5 is a rare lung disorder due to impaired surfactant homeostasis. It is characterized by alveolar filling with floccular material that stains positive using the periodic acid-Schiff method and is derived from surfactant phospholipids and protein components. Excessive lipoproteins accumulation in the alveoli results in severe respiratory distress.